PAX8 (M)
Prediluted Monoclonal Antibody
901-438-050923

Available Product Formats

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Catalog Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Dilution</th>
<th>Diluent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Predilute</td>
<td>API 438 H</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
<td>Ready-to-use</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Intended Use:
For In Vitro Diagnostic Use
PAX8 (M) [BC12] is a mouse monoclonal antibody that is intended for laboratory use in the qualitative identification of PAX8 protein by immunohistochemistry (IHC) in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human tissues. The clinical interpretation of any staining or its absence should be complemented by morphological studies using proper controls and should be evaluated within the context of the patient’s clinical history and other diagnostic tests by a qualified pathologist.

### Summary and Explanation:
- **Source:** Mouse monoclonal
- **Species Reactivity:** Human, mouse, rat, cat, and dog
- **Clone:** BC12
- **Isotype:** IgG1
- **Protein Concentration:** Call for lot specific IgG concentration
- **Epitope/Antigen:** PAX8
- **Cellular Localization:** Nuclear

### Protocol Recommendations (intelliPATH FLX® and manual use):
#### Peroxide Block:
Block for 5 minutes with Peroxidazed 1.

#### Pretreatment:
Perform heat retrieval using Diva or Reveal Decloaker. Refer to the Diva or Reveal Decloaker product data sheet for specific instructions.

#### Protein Block (Optional):
- Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Background Pixer
- Incubate for 30-60 minutes at RT.

#### Probe:
Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a secondary probe.

#### Polymer:
Incubate for 10-20 minutes at RT with a tertiary polymer.

#### Counterstain:
Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha’s Bluing Solution for 1 minute. Rinse with deionized water.

### Technical Notes:
- **Limitations:**
  - The optimum antibody dilution and protocols for a specific application can vary. These include, but are not limited to fixation, heat-retrieval method, incubation times, tissue section thickness and detection kit used. Due to the superior sensitivity of these unique reagents, the recommended incubation times and liters listed are not applicable to other detection systems, as results may vary. The data sheet recommendations and protocols are based on exclusive use of Biocare products. Ultimately, it is the responsibility of the investigator to determine optimal conditions.

### Quality Control:

### Precautions:
1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976)¹
2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come into contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water.²
3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

### Troubleshooting:
Follow the antibody specific protocol recommendations according to datasheet provided. If atypical results occur, contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002.
References: