

HMW CK + p63 (Basal Cell Cocktail)

Prediluted Cocktail Antibody
902-210-070225



Available Product Formats				
Format	Catalog Number	Description	Dilution	Diluent
NeoPATH PRO	NPAR 210 T40, T80	40, 80 tests	Ready-to-use	N/A
Q Series	ALR 210 G7	7.0, 25 mL	Ready-to-use	N/A

Intended Use:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

This mouse cocktail antibody is intended to detect CK5, CK14, and p63 proteins.

Background Information:

In normal epithelia, HMW Cytokeratins (CK5 and CK14) stain stratified epithelia, myoepithelial cells and basal cells in the prostate gland and bronchi.⁵ p63 is detected in prostate basal cells in normal prostate; however, it is negative in malignant tumors of the prostate gland. p63 is useful as a differential marker for benign and malignant tumors of the prostate gland and can be useful as a negative marker.⁶ The combination of the HMW CK Cocktail and p63 has been shown to be superior to each alone.⁷

Known Applications:

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues). Other applications have not been tested.

Supplied As:

Buffered saline solution, pH 5.9-6.0, contains a protein carrier and less than 0.1% sodium azide preservative. See Safety Data Sheet for additional details.

Materials and Methods:

Reagents Provided:

HMW CK + p63 (Basal Cell Cocktail) is provided as follows:

Antibody	anti-CK5	anti-CK14	anti-p63
Clone	XM26	LL002	4A4
Source	Mouse monoclonal	Mouse monoclonal	Mouse monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1	IgG3	IgG2a
Epitope/ Antigen	CK5	CK14	P63
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasmic	Cytoplasmic	Nuclear
Staining	HRP	HRP	HRP

Reconstitution, Mixing, Dilution, and Titration:

Prediluted antibody reagent is optimally diluted for use with the above listed staining systems. Further dilution may result in loss of antigen staining. The user must validate any such change. Differences in tissue processing and technical procedures in the user's laboratory may produce significant variability in results necessitating regular performance of in-house controls.

Storage and Stability:

Store at 2°C to 8°C. The product is stable to the expiration date printed on the vial label when stored under these conditions. Do not use after expiration date. Storage under any condition other than those specified must be verified. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; store any remaining reagent at 2°C to 8°C. The stability of user diluted reagents has not been established by Biocare.

Staining Protocol Recommendations (NeoPATH PRO):

NPAR210 is compatible for use with the NeoPATH PRO. Below are programming and protocol recommendations to assist the user when staining

using Biocare's NeoPATH PRO Automated Staining Platform for research applications. The user is responsible for further optimizations of the protocol.

Chromogen Option: DAB

Antibody Protocol: HMW + p63, 15 min at RT

Template: HRP_HIGH_105C_15MINAB_STD

Dewax: Dewax STD; 20 min at 75°C

Antigen Retrieval (HIER Option): HIGH_105C_30MIN

Block Option: N/A

Enzyme: N/A

Detection: HRP_15AB_STD (Amplifier; 10 min at RT, Polymer; 25 min at RT)

Chromogen: 7 min DAB + 2 min DAB Enhancer

Hematoxylin: 7 min at RT

Staining Protocol Recommendations (Q Series):

ALR210 is compatible with the Leica IHC staining platforms for research applications. Refer to the User Manual for specific instructions for use in optimizing protocols.

Limitations:

This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

Precautions:

1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976)¹
2. Handle materials of human or animal origin as potentially biohazardous and dispose of such materials with proper precautions. In the event of exposure, follow the health directives of the responsible authorities where used.^{2,3}
3. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come into contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water.⁴
4. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
5. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
6. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
7. To prevent evaporation and ensure maximum test capacity, promptly cap and remove reagents from automated instruments after each run. Leaving reagents exposed can reduce their effectiveness and the number of tests they can provide. Always store reagents as directed to maintain their integrity.
8. Dispose of all used reagents and any other contaminated disposable materials following procedures for infectious or potentially infectious waste. It is the responsibility of each laboratory to handle solid and liquid waste according to their nature and degree of hazard and to treat and dispose of it (or have them treated and disposed of) in accordance with any applicable regulations.



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9. Follow local disposal regulations for your location along with recommendations in the Safety Data Sheet to determine the safe disposal of this product

10. The SDS is available upon request and is located at <http://biocare.net>.

11. Report any serious incidents related to this device by contacting the local Biocare representative and the applicable competent authority of the Member State or country where the user is located.

Technical Support:

Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References:

1. Center for Disease Control Manual. Guide: Safety Management, NO. CDC-22, Atlanta, GA. April 30, 1976 "Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts."
2. Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Occupational exposure to hazardous chemicals in laboratories. (29 CFR Part 1910.1450). Fed. Register.
3. Directive 2000/54/EC of the European Parliament and Council of 18 September 2000 on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work.
4. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline-Fourth Edition CLSI document M29-A4 Wayne, PA 2014.
5. Signoretti S, et al. p63 is a prostate basal cell marker and is required for prostate development. Am J Pathol. 2000 Dec; 157(6):1769-75.
6. Wang Y, et al. Cell differentiation lineage in the prostate. Differentiation. 2001 Oct;68(4-5):270-9.
7. Tacha DE, Miller RT. Use of p63/P504S monoclonal antibody cocktail in immunohistochemical staining of prostate tissue. Appl Immunohistochem Mol Morphol. 2004 Mar;12(1):75-8.

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