

# Muscle Specific Actin (MSA)

Concentrated and Prediluted Monoclonal Antibody  
901-079-052423

**BIOCARE**  
M E D I C A L

Catalog Number:	CM 079 A, B	PM 079 AA	IP 079 G10	OAI 079 T60	VLTM 079 G20
Description:	0.1, 0.5 mL, conc.	6.0 mL, RTU	10 mL, RTU	60 tests, RTU	20 mL, RTU
Dilution:	1:50	Ready-to-use	Ready-to-use	Ready-to-use	Ready-to-use
Diluent:	Da Vinci Green	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Intended Use:

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

Muscle Specific Actin (MSA) [HHF35] is a mouse monoclonal antibody that is intended for laboratory use in the qualitative identification of muscle actin protein by immunohistochemistry (IHC) in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human tissues. The clinical interpretation of any staining or its absence should be complemented by morphological studies using proper controls and should be evaluated within the context of the patient's clinical history and other diagnostic tests by a qualified pathologist.

## Summary and Explanation:

The HHF35 antibody recognizes muscle specific alpha and gamma actin isomers. It does not react with non-muscle actin. It recognizes the alpha actin from cardiac, skeletal and smooth muscle sources. It does not react with beta or non-smooth muscle gamma actin isomers. Studies have shown the antibody labels leiomyoma, leiomyosarcoma and rhabdomyosarcoma. It does not label melanoma or lymphoma.

## Principle of Procedure:

Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. After labeling the antigen with a primary antibody, a one-, two- or three-step detection procedure can be employed. The one-step procedure will feature an enzyme-labeled polymer that binds to the primary antibody. A two-step procedure will feature a secondary antibody added to bind to the primary antibody. An enzyme-labeled polymer is then added to bind to the secondary antibody. The three-step detection procedure will feature a secondary antibody added to bind to the primary antibody followed by a linker antibody step for maximum binding. An enzyme-labeled polymer is then added to bind to the linker antibody. These detections of the bound antibodies are evidenced by a colorimetric reaction.

**Source:** Mouse monoclonal

**Species Reactivity:** Human; others not tested

**Clone:** HHF35

**Isotype:** IgG1/kappa

**Protein Concentration:** Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

**Epitope/Antigen:** Muscle actin

**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

**Positive Tissue Control:** Leiomyoma, leiomyosarcoma, muscle or prostate

## Known Applications:

Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)

**Supplied As:** Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

## Storage and Stability:

Store at 2°C to 8°C. The product is stable to the expiration date printed on the label, when stored under these conditions. Do not use after expiration date. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

## Protocol Recommendations (VALENT® Automated Slide Staining Platform):

VLTM079 is intended for use with the VALENT. Refer to the User Manual for specific instructions for use. Protocol parameters in the Protocol Manager should be programmed as follows:

**Deparaffinization:** Deparaffinize for 8 minutes with Val DePar.

## Protocol Recommendations (VALENT® Automated Slide Staining Platform) Cont'd:

**Pretreatment:** Perform heat retrieval at 98°C for 60 minutes using Val AR-Lo pH, 5X (use at 1X).

**Peroxidase Block:** Block for 5 minutes with Val Peroxidase Block.

**Protein Block (Optional):** Incubate for 10-20 minutes at RT with Val Background Block.

**Primary Antibody:** Incubate for 30 minutes.

**Secondary:** Incubate for 10 minutes with Val Mouse Secondary.

**Linker:** Incubate for 10 minutes with Val Universal Linker.

**Polymer:** Incubate for 10 minutes with Val Universal Polymer.

**Chromogen:** Incubate for 5 minutes with Val DAB.

**Counterstain:** Counterstain for 5 minutes with Val Hematoxylin.

## Protocol Recommendations (intelliPATH FLX® and manual use):

**Peroxide Block:** Block for 5 minutes with Peroxidized 1.

**Pretreatment:** Perform heat retrieval using Diva or Reveal Decloaker. Refer to the Diva or Reveal Decloaker product data sheet for specific instructions.

**Protein Block:** Incubate for 20 minutes at RT with Background Punisher.

**Primary Antibody:** Incubate for 30 minutes at RT.

**Probe:** Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a secondary probe.

**Polymer:** Incubate for 10-20 minutes at RT with a tertiary polymer.

**Chromogen:** Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare's DAB -OR- Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Warp Red.

## Counterstain:

Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha's Bluing Solution for 1 minute. Rinse with deionized water.

## intelliPATH FLX Automated Slide Stainer:

IP079 is intended for use with the intelliPATH FLX. Refer to the User Manual for specific instructions for use. When using the intelliPATH FLX, peroxide block with intelliPATH FLX Peroxidase Blocking Reagent (IPB5000) may be performed following heat retrieval.

## Technical Note:

This antibody, for intelliPATH FLX and manual use, has been standardized with MACH 4 detection system. Use TBS for washing steps.

## Protocol Recommendations (ONCORE™ Automated Slide Staining System):

OAI079 is intended for use with the ONCORE. Refer to the User Manual for specific instructions for use. Protocol parameters in the Protocol Editor should be programmed as follows:

**Protocol Name:** MSA

**Protocol Template (Description):** Ms HRP Template 1

**Dewaxing (DS Option):** DS2

**Antigen Retrieval (AR Option):** AR2, low pH; 25°C

**Reagent Name, Time, Temp.:** MSA, 30 min., 25°C

## Limitations:

The optimum antibody dilution and protocols for a specific application can vary. These include, but are not limited to fixation, heat-retrieval method, incubation times, tissue section thickness and detection kit used. Due to the superior sensitivity of these unique reagents, the recommended incubation times and titers listed are not applicable to other detection systems, as results may vary. The data sheet

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### Limitations Cont'd:

recommendations and protocols are based on exclusive use of Biocare products. Ultimately, it is the responsibility of the investigator to determine optimal conditions.

### Quality Control:

Refer to CLSI Quality Standards for Design and Implementation of Immunohistochemistry Assays; Approved Guideline-Second edition (I/LA28-A2). CLSI Wayne, PA, USA ([www.clsi.org](http://www.clsi.org)). 2011.

### Precautions:

1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (5)
2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (6)
3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at <http://biocare.net>.

### Troubleshooting:

Follow the antibody specific protocol recommendations according to data sheet provided. If atypical results occur, contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002.

### References:

1. Rangdaeng S, Truong LD. Comparative immunohistochemical staining for desmin and muscle-specific actin. A study of 576 cases. *Am J Clin Pathol.* 1991 Jul; 96 (1):32-45.
2. Miettinen M. Antibody specific to muscle actins in the diagnosis and classification of soft tissue tumors. *Am J Pathol.* 1988 Jan; 130(1):205-15.
3. Tsukada T, *et al.* HHF35, a muscle actin-specific monoclonal antibody. II. Reactivity in normal, reactive, and neoplastic human tissues. *J Pathol.* 1987 May; 127(2):389-402.
4. Norton AJ, Thomas JA, Isaacson PG. Cytokeratin-specific monoclonal antibodies are reactive with tumours of smooth muscle derivation. An immunocytochemical and biochemical study using antibodies to intermediate filament cytoskeletal proteins. *Histopathology.* 1987 May; 11(5):487-99.
5. Center for Disease Control Manual. Guide: Safety Management, NO. CDC-22, Atlanta, GA. April 30, 1976 "Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts."
6. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline-Fourth Edition CLSI document M29-A4 Wayne, PA 2014.