Tumor Associated Glycoprotein [B72.3]
Concentrated and Prediluted Monoclonal Antibody
Control Number: 902-002-111418

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catalog Number: ACR 002 B, C</th>
<th>APR 002 AA</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description: 0.5, 1.0 mL conc.</td>
<td>6.0 mL, RTU</td>
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<td>Dilution: 1:100</td>
<td>Ready-to-use</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diluent: Da Vinci Green</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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**Intended Use:**
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**Summary and Explanation:**
B72.3 recognizes an oncofetal antigen of >1,000 kDa, identified as a tumor-associated glycoprotein (TAG-72) with properties of a mucin. The majority of human adenocarcinomas including colorectal, pancreatic, gastric, ovarian, endometrial, mammary and non-small cell lung cancer display some cell populations that are positive for B72.3 staining. Weak or no reactivity has been observed with most cell types of normal adult tissue excepting the secretory endometrium. About 60% of carcinoma patients express TAG-72 in their sera. It is reportedly useful in distinguishing pulmonary adenocarcinomas that are B72.3 (+) from pleural mesotheliomas that are B72.3 (-).

**Principle of Procedure:**
Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. After labeling the antigen with a primary antibody, a secondary antibody is added to bind to the primary antibody. An enzyme label is then added to bind to the secondary antibody; this detection of the bound antibody is evidenced by a colorimetric reaction.

**Source:** Mouse monoclonal

**Species Reactivity:** Human

**Clone:** B72.3

**Isotype:** IgG1/kappa

**Protein Concentration:** Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

**Epitope/Antigen:** TAG-72 or B72.3

**Cellular Localization:** Cell surface and cytoplasmic

**Positive Tissue Control:** Colon carcinoma or breast cancer

**Known Applications:**
Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)

**Supplied As:** Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

**Storage and Stability:**
Store at 2ºC to 8ºC. The product is stable to the expiration date printed on the vial. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2ºC to 8ºC.

**Technical Support:**
Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

**References:**

**Limitations:**
This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

**Precautions:**
1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (3)
2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (4)
3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.
4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.
5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.
6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.