IGH (14q32) Green/ MYC (8q24) Orange

902-7022-102517

BIOCARE E D I C A

Catalog Number: PFR7022A

Description: IGH (14q32) Green/ MYC (8q24) Orange FISH

Dilution: Ready-to-use Volume: 100 µL

Intended Use:

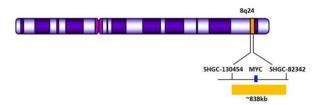
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

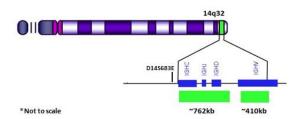
Summary and Explanation:

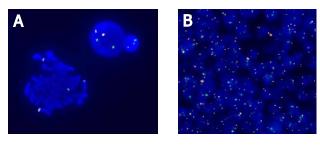
All types of Burkitt lymphoma are characterized by dysregulation of the c-myc gene¹. The most common variant is t(8;14)(q24;q32), which accounts for about 85% of cases².

Principle of Procedure

The IGH (14q32) Green Probe is designed to provide coverage of the 14q32 (~762 kb and ~410 kb) region of chromsome 14. The MYC (8q24) Orange Probe is designed to provide coverage of the 8q24 (~838 kb) region of chromosome 8. A normal cell would show two green and two orange signals.







A) IGH (14q32) Green/ MYC (8q24) Orange FISH probe hybridized on normal blood sample. Interphase and metaphase cellular states are shown. (B) IGH (14q32) Green/ MYC (8q24) Orange FISH probe hybridized on FFPE tissue.

Species Reactivity: Human

Known Application: Fluorescence In-situ Hybridization (FISH) on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded (FFPE) tissues.

Biocare Medical 60 Berry Drive Pacheco, CA 94553

USA

Supplied As: Probe in hybridization buffer.

Storage and Stability:

Store probe at -20°C and away from light. The product is stable to the expiration date printed on the label, when stored under these conditions. Do not use after expiration date.

Technical Note:

Biocare Medical FISH probes are optimized to provide the best signal performance using optical filters that can accommodate the excitation/emission wavelengths specified below. Using filters outside these spectral specifications may produce sub-optimal results.

Fluorophore	Excitation (nm)	Emission (nm)
AQUA	432	472
GREEN	498	521
ORANGE	546	575
RED	593	618

Limitations:

- This product is for Research Use Only.
- It is the responsibility of the user to validate any test for its specific use.

Precautions:

- This product contains formamide, which may be toxic. Formamide may cause serious eye damage or reproductive toxicity. It may also cause irritation by inhalation or skin contact. Avoid any direct contact exposure to reagent. Take appropriate protective measures (use disposable gloves, protective glasses, and lab garments).
- Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water3.
- The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

Technical Support:

Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References:

- 1. Long-range oncogenic activation of Igh–c-myc translocations by the Igh 3' regulatory region. Monica Gostissa, Catherine T. Yan, Julia M. Bianco, Michel Cogné, Eric Pinaud & Frederick W. Alt. Nature 462, 803-807 (10 December 2009)
- Hoffman, Ronald (2009). Hematology: basic principles and practice (PDF) (5th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: Churchill Livingstone/Elsevier. pp. 1304–1305. ISBN 978-0-443-06715-0 Walker BA, et al. Leukemia. 2012 Feb;26(2):349-55
- Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory workers from occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline-Fourth Edition document M29-A4 Wayne, PA 2014.

IGH (14q32) Green/ MYC (8q24) Orange

902-7022-102517



Biocare Medical 60 Berry Drive Pacheco, CA 94553 USA