**Thyroglobulin Cocktail**

Concentrated and Prediluted Cocktail Antibody

902-022-110617

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**Catalog Number:** ACR 022 A  
**Description:** 0.1 ml, concentrated  
**Dilution:** 1:100

**APR 022 AA**  
**Description:** 6.0 ml, prediluted  
**Dilution:** Ready-to-use  
**Diluent:** Da Vinci Green  
**N/A**

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**Intended Use:**
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**Summary and Explanation:**
Studies have shown this antibody recognizes a glycoprotein of 330 kDa, identified as thyroglobulin. Thyroglobulin has been shown to be useful in positive identification of thyroid carcinomas of the papillary and follicular types (1,2,4). Biocare’s cocktail of 2H11 and 6E1 antibodies stains thyroglobulin in follicular epithelial cells as well as colloid tissue. Demonstration of thyroglobulin in a metastatic lesion establishes the thyroid origin of the tumor. Adenocarcinomas of non-thyroidal origin are not reactive (5-6).

**Principle of Procedure:**
Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. After labeling the antigen with a primary antibody, a secondary antibody is added to bind to the primary antibody. An enzyme label is then added to bind to the secondary antibody; this detection of the bound antibody is evidenced by a colorimetric reaction.

**Source:** Mouse monoclonal

**Species Reactivity:** Human; others not tested

**Isotype:** IgG1 / IgG1

**Total Protein Concentration:** ~10 mg/ml. Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

**Epitope/Antigen:** Thyroglobulin

**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic and colloid of follicles

**Positive Tissue Control:** Thyroid or thyroid carcinoma

**Known Applications:**
Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)

**Supplied As:** Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

**Storage and Stability:**
Store at 2°C to 8°C. Do not use after expiration date printed on vial. If reagents are stored under conditions other than those specified in the package insert, they must be verified by the user. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

**Staining Protocol Recommendations:**

**Peroxide Block:** Block for 5 minutes with Biocare’s Peroxidazed 1.

**Pretreatment:** Perform heat retrieval using Biocare’s Diva Decloaker. Refer to the Diva Decloaker data sheet for specific instructions.

**Protein Block (Optional):** Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Biocare’s Background Punisher.

**Primary Antibody:** Incubate for 30 minutes at RT.

**Probe:** Incubate for 10 minutes at RT with a secondary probe.

**Polymer:** Incubate for 10-20 minutes at RT with a tertiary polymer.

**Chromogen:** Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare’s DAB - OR - Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Biocare’s Warp Red.

**Counterstain:**

**Technical Note:**
This antibody has been standardized with Biocare’s MACH 4 detection system. Use TBS buffer for washing steps.

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**Limitations:**
This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

**Precautions:**
1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (7)

2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (8)

3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.

4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.

5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.

6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at http://biocare.net.

**Technical Support:**
Contact Biocare’s Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

**References:**