

Nerve Growth Factor Receptor (NGFR)

Concentrated Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Control Number: 902-369-111918

BIOCARE
M E D I C A L

Catalog Number: CME 369 A
Description: 0.1 mL, conc.
Dilution: 1:50
Diluent: Da Vinci Green

Intended Use:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Summary and Explanation:

Nerve Growth Factor Receptor antibody is a useful immunohistochemical marker, when used in conjunction with S100 antibody, in the diagnosis of desmoplastic and neurotrophic malignant melanomas, which are often negative for other melanocytic markers (HMB-45, MART-1/Melan-A) (3). NGF receptor antibody is also expressed on Schwann cells, neuronal axons and perineural cells, as well as tumors derived from those cells, to include malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumors, Schwannomas, granular cell tumors and neurofibromas (1-3).

Principle of Procedure:

Antigen detection in tissues and cells is a multi-step immunohistochemical process. The initial step binds the primary antibody to its specific epitope. After labeling the antigen with a primary antibody, an enzyme labeled polymer is added to bind to the primary antibody. The detection of the bound antibody is evidenced by a colorimetric reaction.

Source: Rabbit monoclonal

Species Reactivity: Human; others not tested

Clone: EP31 (previously known as EP1039Y)

Isotype: IgG

Protein Concentration: Call for lot specific Ig concentration.

Epitope/Antigen: Nerve Growth Factor Receptor

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Positive Tissue Control: Neuronal tissues and pancreas

Known Applications:

Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues)

Supplied As: Buffer with protein carrier and preservative

Storage and Stability:

Store at 2°C to 8°C. The product is stable to the expiration date printed on the label, when stored under these conditions. Do not use after expiration date. Diluted reagents should be used promptly; any remaining reagent should be stored at 2°C to 8°C.

Staining Protocol Recommendations (intelliPATH FLX® and manual use):

Peroxide Block: Block for 5 minutes with Peroxidized 1.

Pretreatment: Perform heat retrieval using Diva Decloaker. Refer to the Diva Decloaker product data sheet for specific instructions.

Protein Block (Optional): Incubate for 5-10 minutes at RT with Background Punisher.

Primary Antibody: Incubate for 30 minutes at RT.

Probe: N/A

Polymer: Incubate for 30 minutes at RT with a secondary-conjugated polymer.

Chromogen: Incubate for 5 minutes at RT with Biocare's DAB -OR- Incubate for 5-7 minutes at RT with Warp Red.

Counterstain: Counterstain with hematoxylin. Rinse with deionized water. Apply Tacha's Bluing Solution. Rinse with deionized water.

Technical Note:

This antibody, for intelliPATH FLX and manual use, has been standardized with MACH 2 detection system. Use TBS for washing steps.

Limitations:

This product is provided for Research Use Only (RUO) and is not for use in diagnostic procedures. Suitability for specific applications may vary and it is the responsibility of the end user to determine the appropriate application for its use.

Precautions:

1. This antibody contains less than 0.1% sodium azide. Concentrations less than 0.1% are not reportable hazardous materials according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard communication and EC Directive 91/155/EC. Sodium azide (NaN₃) used as a preservative is toxic if ingested. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in plumbing. (Center for Disease Control, 1976, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, 1976) (4)

2. Specimens, before and after fixation, and all materials exposed to them should be handled as if capable of transmitting infection and disposed of with proper precautions. Never pipette reagents by mouth and avoid contacting the skin and mucous membranes with reagents and specimens. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive areas, wash with copious amounts of water. (5)

3. Microbial contamination of reagents may result in an increase in nonspecific staining.

4. Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results. The user must validate any such change.

5. Do not use reagent after the expiration date printed on the vial.

6. The SDS is available upon request and is located at <http://biocare.net>.

Technical Support:

Contact Biocare's Technical Support at 1-800-542-2002 for questions regarding this product.

References:

1. Kaplan DR, Miller FD. Signal transduction by the neurotrophin receptors. *Curr Opin Cell Biol.* 1997 Apr;9(2):213-21.
2. Bunone G, *et al.* Induction of apoptosis by p75 neurotrophin receptor in human neuroblastoma cells. *Oncogene.* 1997 Mar 27;14(12):1463-70.
3. Kanik AB, Yaar M, Bhawan J. p75 nerve growth factor receptor staining helps identify desmoplastic and neurotropic melanoma. *J Cutan Pathol.* 1996 Jun;23(3):205-10.
4. Center for Disease Control Manual. Guide: Safety Management, NO. CDC-22, Atlanta, GA. April 30, 1976 "Decontamination of Laboratory Sink Drains to Remove Azide Salts."
5. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections; Approved Guideline-Fourth Edition CLSI document M29-A4 Wayne, PA 2014.

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